

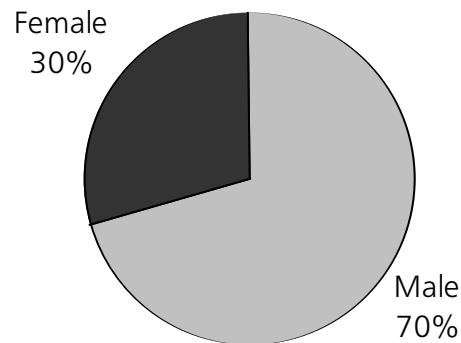
Throughout this report, data is presented in various categories. The categories used for age and years admitted to practice were the same as the 1998 survey for comparative purposes. Data was indicated as "n/a" if no data was reported or if data from less than three individuals (five individuals for percentile data) was reported in order to protect confidentiality.

ATTORNEY PROFILE/CHARACTERISTICS

The following tables present the characteristics and profile of Oregon attorneys. Descriptive data is presented for gender, age, years admitted to practice in Oregon, total years admitted to practice, type of employment, area of practice, size of practice, level of employment, and method of pay.

Gender: For Oregon, the percentage of females was 30% and the percentage of males was 70% compared to the 1998 survey of 29% females and 71% males. Regional data varies somewhat with the Tri-County and Upper Valley regions having the highest percentage of females and the Eastern Oregon and Oregon Coast regions having the highest percentage of males.

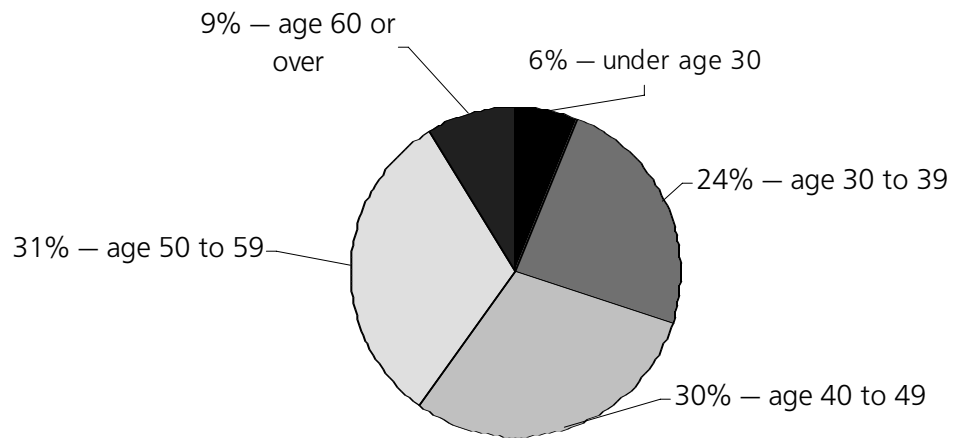
Gender of Respondents



Gender	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
Male	70%	71%	66%	67%	73%	77%	79%	79%
Female	30%	29%	34%	33%	27%	23%	21%	21%

Age: The age of respondents, which was collected as the respondent's actual age, was broken down into five categories. The highest concentration of attorneys (31%) was in the 50 to 59 age category with the median age being 47 years. In 1998, the highest concentration of attorneys was in the 40 to 49 age category with 38% and the median age was 45 years. Regional data differs somewhat from the Oregon data.

Age of Respondents



Age Category	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
Under 30	6%	8%	7%	8%	4%	4%	4%	1%
30-39	24%	28%	23%	23%	19%	21%	21%	23%
40-49	30%	30%	32%	32%	26%	24%	26%	27%
50-59	31%	27%	30%	33%	38%	36%	37%	37%
60 or Over	9%	7%	8%	4%	13%	15%	12%	13%
Median Age	47	45	46	46	50	50	49	49

Years Admitted to Practice in Oregon: Data was collected on the number of years admitted to practice in the state of Oregon and the total number of years admitted to practice in any state. The data is presented in the following two tables. Approximately 16% of respondents were admitted to practice in another state prior to being admitted in Oregon, compared to 17% in the 1998 survey. This data does not identify the number of Oregon attorneys who have been admitted to practice in another state subsequent to being admitted in Oregon.

Twenty-six percent of attorneys were admitted to practice in Oregon in the category from 21 to 30 years. The smallest

group, with 8%, was the category 13 to 15 years. In 1998, the largest category of attorneys was the 21 to 30 years with 21%. The average number of years in practice in Oregon was 17 years and the median number was 15 years. A comparison to the 1998 survey indicates that the average number of years was 15 and the median was 14 years.

Years Admitted to Practice in Oregon

Years Admitted	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
0-3 Years	14%	17%	14%	12%	11%	7%	7%	10%
4-6 Years	10%	10%	10%	9%	9%	12%	8%	7%
7-9 Years	9%	9%	10%	10%	7%	12%	14%	7%
10-12 Years	10%	8%	11%	14%	10%	12%	8%	17%
13-15 Years	8%	7%	7%	10%	7%	5%	10%	6%
16-20 Years	13%	14%	14%	12%	9%	7%	7%	17%
21-30 Years	26%	25%	24%	25%	28%	28%	33%	27%
Over 30 Years	11%	11%	10%	7%	19%	17%	12%	10%
Average Number of Years	17	16	16	16	19	19	19	18
Median Number of Years	15	15	15	14	19	17	18	17

Total Years Admitted to Practice: The average number (18) and the median number (17) of total years admitted to practice were each greater than the average and median years admitted to practice in Oregon. Attorneys with over 15 years since being admitted to practice represent 54% of the respondents for total years admitted to practice compared with 50% for the same group in Oregon. In 1998, these numbers were 51% and 46% respectively.

Years Admitted	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
0-3 Years	11%	13%	11%	12%	9%	7%	6%	7%
4-6 Years	9%	9%	10%	8%	7%	8%	8%	6%
7-9 Years	9%	9%	9%	10%	7%	11%	12%	4%
10-12 Years	9%	8%	9%	11%	8%	8%	8%	17%
13-15 Years	8%	8%	8%	10%	11%	5%	9%	4%
16-20 Years	14%	15%	16%	14%	8%	9%	8%	20%
21-30 Years	28%	28%	26%	28%	29%	32%	32%	31%
Over 30 Years	12%	11%	11%	8%	20%	20%	16%	11%
Average Number of Years	18	17	17	16	20	21	20	19
Median Number of Years	17	17	17	15	20	21	20	18

Type of Employment: For Oregon, 71% of attorneys were in private practice with an additional 5% in private non-profit settings. For Oregon, government lawyers represent 14%, ranging from a low of 9% in Portland to a high of 36% in the Upper Valley region, which includes the Salem area. The largest concentration of corporate in-house counsel attorneys was in the Tri-County region with 14%. These numbers are similar to the 1998 survey data.

Years Admitted	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
Private Practice	71%	80%	65%	50%	74%	70%	67%	76%
Private Non-Profit	5%	4%	6%	4%	5%	8%	6%	5%
Government Lawyer	14%	9%	12%	36%	11%	15%	21%	16%
Corporate In-House Counsel	6%	5%	14%	4%	5%	2%	0%	0%
Judge/Hearings Officer	4%	2%	3%	7%	4%	5%	6%	3%

Area of Practice: 1,383 attorneys in private practice reported an area of practice. The largest percentage for an area of practice was general private practice with 15% followed by business/corporate-transactional with 11% and family law with 10%. The attorneys included in the general category did not identify an area that represented over 50% of their practice. In 1998, the general category also represented 15%. The regional data indicates some differences in area of practice throughout the state.

Area of Practice	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
Type of Employment – Private								
Bankruptcy	3%	2%	5%	1%	5%	5%	4%	4%
Business/Corporate – Litigation	7%	12%	2%	6%	5%	2%	3%	0%
Business/Corporate – Transactional	11%	13%	10%	7%	11%	7%	4%	4%
Civil Litigation, Defendant (excludes Insurance Defense)	4%	8%	1%	0%	3%	0%	4%	0%
Civil Litigation, Insurance Defense	6%	10%	2%	2%	3%	6%	3%	0%
Civil Litigation, Plaintiff – (excludes Personal Injury)	4%	4%	5%	2%	3%	7%	3%	0%
Civil Litigation, Plaintiff – Personal Injury	6%	5%	8%	7%	4%	5%	7%	6%
Criminal – Private Bar	7%	3%	7%	10%	10%	7%	13%	13%
Family Law	10%	6%	10%	19%	16%	19%	7%	19%
Real Estate/Land Use/Environmental Law	6%	8%	6%	6%	3%	7%	3%	4%
Tax/Estate Planning	9%	9%	10%	6%	10%	10%	4%	4%
Workers’ Compensation	3%	3%	6%	4%	1%	2%	0%	2%
General (no area over 50%)	15%	8%	17%	24%	14%	22%	39%	40%
Other	9%	9%	13%	7%	9%	1%	8%	4%

In the 2002 survey, two additional categories of area of practice were included in the questionnaire. The practice area of criminal-public defender received 52 responses and the practice area criminal-public prosecutor received 94 responses.

Size of Practice: Over half (54%) of attorneys work in offices with 1 to 6 lawyers. The totals of these first three categories ranged from a low of 32% in Portland to substantially higher percentages in many of the other regions. The highest concentration of 1 lawyer offices was in the Oregon Coast with 46%.

Size of Practice	Oregon	Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
1 Lawyer Office	26%	14%	38%	24%	31%	39%	30%	46%
2 Lawyer Office	10%	6%	14%	6%	15%	13%	16%	23%
3-6 Lawyer Office	18%	12%	23%	27%	17%	18%	28%	15%
7-20 Lawyer Office	22%	24%	20%	15%	20%	28%	25%	16%
21-60 Lawyer Office	13%	20%	5%	13%	18%	2%	2%	0%
Over 60 Lawyer Office	12%	24%	1%	15%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Level of Employment: In Oregon, 78% of lawyers were working full-time and 10% were working part-time by choice, totaling 88%. In the 1998 survey, these numbers were 81% and 9%, respectively. Part-time lawyers by choice ranged from a low of 6% in the Eastern Oregon region to a high of 14% in the Oregon Coast region.

For Oregon, 3% of respondents were not working as lawyers, or only working part-time, due to a lack of legal work. This compares to 2% in 1998. The region with the highest percentage in this category was the Tri-County region with 6%. Of these Oregon attorneys 49% were admitted in 1999 or after (0 to 3 years category). In 1998, 42% of these attorneys were in the 0 to 3 years category of years admitted to practice in Oregon.

Level of Employment	Oregon		Portland	Tri-County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
	No.	%							
Full-Time Lawyer	1,725	78%	86%	65%	77%	79%	83%	88%	70%
Part-Time Lawyer by Choice	213	10%	8%	12%	10%	10%	11%	6%	14%
Part-Time Lawyer due to Lack of Legal Work	27	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	0%	0%	4%
Not Working as a Lawyer by Choice	165	7%	4%	14%	11%	5%	3%	3%	7%
Not Working as a Lawyer due to Lack of Legal Work	34	2%	1%	4%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%
Retired	46	2%	1%	3%	1%	3%	3%	3%	3%

Method of Pay: The following table includes only those individuals working full-time or part-time as lawyers in all types of employment. Over one-half (51%) were reported as being an owner as compared to 53% in 1998. This varied by region from a low of 41% in the Upper Valley to a high of 65% in the Oregon Coast region. Individuals paid by contract represented 3%.

Method of Pay	Oregon No.	%	Portland	Tri- County	Upper Valley	Lower Valley	Southern Oregon	Eastern Oregon	Oregon Coast
Owner (e.g., Partner, Shareholder, Sole Practitioner)	983	51%	50%	49%	41%	58%	64%	59%	65%
Employee (e.g., salaried or hourly paid)	867	45%	48%	46%	55%	36%	33%	39%	32%
Contract (e.g., paid by hour or assignment)	64	3%	2%	5%	4%	5%	3%	3%	3%